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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5: PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER **8.** 34937

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN		AND E		er 31, 2005
1	MM/DD/YY		MM/	DD/YY
Α.	REGISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION	<u> </u>	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Lam	Securities Investments,		OFF	ICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do not use.	P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
2099 Lake Street		•		
San Francisco Californ	(No and Stre	94104	:	
(City)	(Stat		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Dick Lam	OF PERSON TO CONTAC	T IN REGARD TO	O THIS REPORT 415-398	-6181
			(Area Cod	e – Telephone Number)
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDEN	NTIFICATION	!	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT. Breard & Associates Inc., Certifie	· ·	ained in this Repor	rt*	
	(Name - if individual, sid		,	
9010 Corbin Avenue Suite 7	Northridge	. CA	91324	
(Address)	(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				SCENIED CONTROL
☑ Certified Public Account	tant			
☐ Public Accountant	·			Mak 0 7 2006)
☐ Accountant not resident	in United States or any of i	ts possessions.		ion size rection
	FOR OFFICIAL U	JSE ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.





OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Dick Lam	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of			
my knowledge and belief the accompanying finan	ocial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of			
Lam Securities Investments, Inc.	, a			
of December 31	, 20 05 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that			
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor.	principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account			
classified solely as that of a customer, except as f				
classified solely as that of a customer, except as i				
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1				
	- X Tall			
State of CAUTORNIA	Sixnature			
County of San Francisco	<u></u>			
Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to befo	The state of the s			
me this 12th day of JANUARY, 2006	FRANK LEUNG Comm.#1541578			
Trankleng	U) FE NOTARY PUBLIC CALIFORNIA U			
Notary Public	Alameda County My Comm. Expires Feb. 1, 2009			
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxe)			
(a) Facing Page.	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.				
(c) Statement of Income (Loss)	and the control of the second of the control of the			
(d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows				
	quity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.			
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subo	ordinated to Claims of Creditors.			
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	Parameter D. J. 16 2 2			
(h) Computation for Determination of Reser				
(i) Information Relating to the Possession o (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the			
	eserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.			
	d unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods			
consolidation.				
[X] (I) An Oath or Affirmation.				
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Repor				
(n) A report describing any material inadequa	icies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous at			
	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}_{i}$, $oldsymbol{\epsilon}_{i}$			

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our examination was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but as supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respect in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in conformity with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 1, 2006

We Focus & Care SM

9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7 Northridge, California 91324 (818) 886-0940 • Fax (818) 886-1924 www.baicpa.com

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2005

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from broker and dealers Marketable securities, at market value Deposits with clearing organizations Furniture, and equipment, net Total assets	\$ 694 2,327 275,722 55,084 66,768 \$ 400,595
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	1
Liabilities	; !
Accounts payable Payable to clearing organization	\$ 1,316 135,514
Total liabilities	136,830
Stockholder's equity	
Common Stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 5,555 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit	295,296 211,037 (242,568)
Total stockholder's equity	263,765
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 400,595

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenues

Commissions income	\$	66,252
Management and underwriting fees	'	4,559
Interest and dividend income		1,180
Net dealer inventory and investment gains (losses)		14,508
Total revenues		86,499
Expenses	1	
Employee compensation and benefits		24,373
Commissions, trading fees and floor brokerage		19,285
Communications	1	8,328
Taxes, other than income taxes	1	3,040
Other operating expenses		50,265
Total expenses	_	105,291
Income (loss) before income taxes		(18,792)
Total income tax provision		800
Net income (loss)	. <u>\$</u>	(19,592)

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Common Stock	Additional Paid - In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance, January 1, 2005	\$ 295,296	\$ 194,037	\$ (222,976)	\$ 266,357
Additional paid-in capital	_	17,000	- 1	17,000
Net income (loss)			(19,592)	(19,592)
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$ 295,296	\$ 211,037	\$ (242,568)	\$ 263,765

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation \$5,073 (Increase) decrease in: Account receivable 2,521 Deposits held at clearing firms (29) Marketable securities, at market value (164,064) Other assets 4,419 (Decrease) increase in: Accounts payable (20) Payable to clearing organization 135,514	\$ (19,592)
Total adjustments	(16,586)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities	(36,178)
Cash flows from investing activities	—
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from additional paid-in capital 17,000	! !
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing activities	17,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(19,178)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	19,872
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 694
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the year for: Interest \$ 2,050 Income taxes \$ 800	

Note 1: GENERAL & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. (the "Company") is a California corporation incorporated on November 17, 1994 and began operations on January 1, 1995. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD), the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB). The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis whereby the execution and clearance of trades are handled by another broker/dealer. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities.

The Company has about three hundred (300) accounts with no one account contributing a significant revenue source; 99% of the clientele are in the San Francisco area.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company also includes money market accounts as cash equivalents.

Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis, except for proprietary transactions, commission revenues and the related expenses which are recorded on a trade date basis.

Accounts receivable are stated at face value with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Marketable securities are valued at market value. Mark to market accounting is used for purposes of determining unrealized gain/loss on security positions in proprietary trading and investment accounts. The securities are sold on a first in first out basis; however, certain securities are inventoried on a specific identification basis.

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized. Property and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives ranging from five (5) to seven (7) years by the straight-line method.

Note 1: GENERAL & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company, with the consent of its Stockholder, has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code, which provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the Stockholder is taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum Franchise Tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum Franchise Fee of \$800.

The Company has elected to report the statement of changes in stockholder's equity without disclosing the accumulated adjustment account and other equity accounts pertinent to an S Corporation. There is no financial impact to these financial statements.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. These changes had no impact on previously reported results of operations or stockholder's equity.

Note 2: MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of corporate stock with the fair market value of \$275,722. The accounting for the mark-to-market on the proprietary trading is included in income as unrealized gains of \$16,708, and realized losses of \$2,200.

Depreciable

Note 3: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The furniture, and equipment are recorded at cost.

		Depreciable
		Life Years
Automobiles	\$ 34,658	5
Furniture & equipment	53,014	5-7
Leasehold improvements	63,398	39
•	151,070	ı
Less accumulated depreciation	(84,302)	1
Net furniture and equipment	\$ 66,768	T.

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 was \$ 5,073.

Note 4: DEPOSITS WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has deposited \$30,000 with Southwest Securities, Inc. and \$25,000 with Emmett Larkin Company as security for its transactions with them. Interest is paid monthly on the deposit at the average overnight repurchase agreement rate. The balances at December 31, 2005 include interest earned for a deposit total of \$30,083 and \$25,000, respectively.

Note 5: **INCOME TAXES**

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is provided. The tax provision provided is the California franchise tax minimum of \$800.

Note 6: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("FAS 123R"), which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all stock-based compensation payments including grants of employee stock options. Stock options are a valuable and important tool used by many companies as a means to motivate employees and promote business growth. This statement eliminates the ability to account for such share-based compensation transactions using the intrinsic value method as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board, or APB, Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and requires that such transactions be reflected in the financial statements based upon the estimated fair value of the awards. In addition, there are a number of other requirements under the new standard that will result in differing accounting treatment than currently required. These differences include, but are not limited to, the accounting treatment for the tax benefit on employee stock options and for stock issued under an employee stock purchase plan. FAS 123R becomes effective for all reports issued after June 15, 2005. Adoption of the new standard has not had a material effect upon the financial statements of the company.

Note 7: <u>NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$130,664 which was \$30,664 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$136,830) to net capital was 1.05 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio allowed for a broker/dealer.

Note 8: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is no material difference between the computation of net capital under net capital Sec. Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited focus part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule			\$	130,664
Adjustments:				
Accumulated deficits	\$	(9,492)		
Non-allowable assets	4	9,492	1	
Total adjustments				
Net capital per audited statements			\$	130,664

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2005

Computation of net capital

Stockholder's equity		
Common stock	\$ 295,296	•
Additional paid-in capital	211,037	1
Accumulated deficit	(242,568)	
Total stockholder's equity	(2+2,500)	\$ 263,765
Less: Non-allowable assets		\$ 203,703
	(((7(0)	
Furniture, and equipment, net	(66,768)	
Total non-allowable assets		<u>(66,768)</u>
	•	i
Net capital before haircuts		196,997
Less: Adjustments to net capital		
Haircuts on securities	(41,358)	1
Undue concentration	(24,975)	T .
Total adjustments to net capital		(66,333)
Total adjustification to first supress		(00,000)
Net Capital		130,664
Computation of net capital requirements		
		ı
Minimum net capital requirements		ı
• •	\$ 9,122	:
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	• • • • • •	
Minimum dollar net capital required	100,000	(4.00.000)
Net capital required (greater of above)		(100,000)
Excess net capital		\$ 30,664
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	1.05: 1	

There was no material difference between net capital shown here and net capital as reported on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2005. See Note 8.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2005

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2005

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Board of Directors Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control structure, for the purpose for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Lam Securities Investments, Inc. including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the proceeding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7 Northridge, California 91324 (818) 886-0940 • Fax (818) 886-1924 www.baicpa.com Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we considered to be material weakness as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

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Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 1, 2006